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request number, if known) that you are appealing.

- (2) You should transmit your written appeal addressed to the Privacy Act Appeals Officer by electronic mail, regular mail, or fax. The electronic mail address is: privacy@fhfa.gov. The regular mail address is: Privacy Act Appeals Officer, Federal Housing Finance Agency, 1700 G Street, NW., Fourth Floor, Washington, DC 20552. The fax number is: (202) 414-6504. For the quickest possible handling, you should mark your electronic mail, letter, or fax and the subject line, envelope, or fax cover sheet "Privacy Act Appeal." FHFA ordinarily will not act on an appeal if the Privacy Act request becomes a matter of Privacy Act litigation.
- (c) Who has the authority to grant or deny appeals? The Privacy Act Appeals Officer is authorized to act on behalf of the Director on all appeals under this section.
- (d) When will FHFA respond to my appeal? FHFA generally will respond to you in writing within 30 business days of receipt of an appeal that meets the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, unless for good cause shown, the Director extends the response time.
- (e) What will the FHFA response include? The written response will include the determination of the Privacy Act Appeals Officer; whether to grant or deny your appeal in whole or in part, a brief explanation of the reasons for the determination, and information about the Privacy Act provisions for court review of the determination.
- (1) If your appeal concerns a request for access to records or information and the appeal determination grants your access, the records or information, if any, will be made available to you.
- (2)(i) If your appeal concerns an amendment or correction of a record and the appeal determination grants your request for an amendment or correction, the response will describe any amendment or correction made to the record and advise you of your right to obtain a copy of the amended or corrected record under this part. FHFA will notify all persons, organizations, or Federal agencies to which it previously disclosed the record, if an ac-

counting of that disclosure was made, that the record has been amended or corrected. Whenever the record is subsequently disclosed, the record will be disclosed as amended or corrected.

- (ii) If the response to your appeal denies your request for an amendment or correction to a record, the response will advise you of your right to file a Statement of Disagreement under paragraph (f) of this section.
- (f) What is a Statement of Disagreement? (1) A Statement of Disagreement is a concise written statement in which you clearly identify each part of any record that you dispute and explain your reason(s) for disagreeing with the Privacy Act Appeals Officer's denial in whole or in part of your appeal requesting amendment or correction. Your Statement of Disagreement must be received by the Privacy Act Officer within 30 business days of the Privacy Act Appeals Officer's denial in whole or in part of your appeal concerning amendment or correction of a record. FHFA will place your Statement of Disagreement in the system(s) of records in which the disputed record is maintained. FHFA also may append a concise statement of its reason(s) for denying the request for an amendment or correction of the record.
- (2) FHFA will notify all persons, organizations, or Federal agencies to which it previously disclosed the disputed record, if an accounting of that disclosure was made, that the record is disputed and provide your Statement of Disagreement and the FHFA concise statement, if any. Whenever the disputed record is subsequently disclosed, a copy of your Statement of Disagreement and the FHFA concise statement, if any, will also be disclosed.

§ 1204.6 What does it cost to get records under the Privacy Act?

- (a) Must I agree to pay fees? Your Privacy Act request is your agreement to pay all applicable fees, unless you specify a limit on the amount of fees you agree to pay. FHFA will not exceed the specified limit without your written agreement.
- (b) How does FHFA calculate fees? FHFA will charge a fee for duplication of a record under the Privacy Act in the same way it charges for duplication

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of records under FOIA (5 U.S.C. 552) in 12 CFR 1202.11. There are no fees to search for or review records.

§1204.7 Are there any exemptions from the Privacy Act?

- (a) What is a Privacy Act exemption? The Privacy Act allows the Director to exempt records or information in a system of records from some of the Privacy Act requirements, if the Director determines that the exemption is necessary.
- (b) How do I know if the records or information I want are exempt? (1) Each notice of a system of records will advise you if the Director has determined records or information in records are exempt from Privacy Act requirements. If the Director has claimed an exemption for a system of records, the System of Records Notice will identify the exemption and the provisions of the Privacy Act from which the system is exempt.
- (2) Until superseded by FHFA Systems of Records, the following OFHEO and FHFB Systems of Records are, under 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2) or (k)(5), exempt from the Privacy Act requirements of 5 U.S.C. 552a(c)(3), (d), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G), (e)(4)(H), (e)(4)(I), and (f):
- (i) OFHEO-11 Litigation and Enforcement Information System;
- (ii) FHFB-5 Agency Personnel Investigative Records; and
- (iii) FHFB-6 Office of Inspector General Audit and Investigative Records.

§ 1204.8 How are records secured?

- (a) What controls must FHFA have in place? Each FHFA office must establish administrative and physical controls to prevent unauthorized access to its systems of records, unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of records, and physical damage to or destruction of records. The stringency of these controls should correspond to the sensitivity of the records that the controls protect. At a minimum, the administrative and physical controls must ensure that:
- (1) Records are protected from public view:
- (2) The area in which records are kept is supervised during business hours to prevent unauthorized persons from having access to them;

- (3) Records are inaccessible to unauthorized persons outside of business hours; and
- (4) Records are not disclosed to unauthorized persons or under unauthorized circumstances in either oral or written form
- (b) Is access to records restricted? Access to records is restricted only to authorized employees who require access in order to perform their official duties.

§ 1204.9 Does FHFA collect and use Social Security numbers?

FHFA collects Social Security numbers only when it is necessary and authorized. At least annually, the Privacy Act Officer or the Senior Agency Official for Privacy will inform employees who are authorized to collect information that:

- (a) Individuals may not be denied any right, benefit, or privilege as a result of refusing to provide their Social Security numbers, unless the collection is authorized either by a statute or by a regulation issued prior to 1975; and
- (b) They must inform individuals who are asked to provide their Social Security numbers:
- (1) If providing a Social Security number is mandatory or voluntary;
- (2) If any statutory or regulatory authority authorizes collection of a Social Security number; and
- (3) The uses that will be made of the Social Security number.

§ 1204.10 What are FHFA employee responsibilities under the Privacy

At least annually, the Privacy Act Officer or the Senior Agency Official for Privacy will inform employees about the provisions of the Privacy Act, including the Privacy Act's civil liability and criminal penalty provisions. Unless otherwise permitted by law, an authorized FHFA employee shall:

- (a) Collect from individuals only information that is relevant and necessary to discharge FHFA responsibilities:
- (b) Collect information about an individual directly from that individual whenever practicable;